### DAN NEARY SENIOR SOIL SCIENTIST

Soils Filter Rainfall for Fresh Water Supplies – But What Changes After Natural Disasters?



#### Dr. Dan Neary USDA Forest Service



### FOREST & GRASSLAND SOILS



### WATER BALANCE







non-porous non-permeable porous non-permeable porous permeable

### IMPORTANCE OF FORESTED WATERSHEDS



### WATER SUPPLY FROM FORESTED LANDS - USA

# WESTERN USA – 3,000+ MUNICIPALITIES WESTERN USA OTHER TYPES – 2,000+





### EASTERN USA RESERVOIRS

### LARGE WESTERN RESERVOIRS

Lake Mead Hits Lowest Level in History



- WILDFIRES
- EROSION
- LANDSLIDES
- FLOODS
- DROUGHT
- WIND STORMS

### WILDFIRE DISASTER



### WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT TO UNDERSTAND

SOILS ARE CRITICAL FOR GOOD WATER SUPPLY SOIL LOSS IN EROSION CAN'T BE REPLACED FLOODING LEADS TO REDUCED WATER QUALITY **RESERVOIRS GET FILLED WITH SEDIMENT** DESERTIFICATION\* IS INCREASED \*loss of forest ecosystem function **FOREST ECOSYSTEM SUSTAINABILITY IS AT RISK** > INFRASTRUCTURE IS DAMAGED OR DESTROYED

#### FIRE INDUCED SEDIMENT YIELD





### **MEGA FIRES**

- Williams and Hamilton 2005
- >30,000 ha
- High Complexity
- Landscape Fires
- Difficult to Control
- Increasing Frequency
- Record Set 2020



### **2020 FIRE SEASON**

- > 10.2 MILLION ACRES BURNED
- > 46 FATALITIES
- > \$16.6 BILLION IN DAMAGES
- > COLORADO: 3 LARGEST WILDFIRES ON RECORD  $\succ$  CALIFORNIA:
- - **PREVIOUS RECORD SET IN 2018**
  - 2020 MORE THAN DOUBLE 2018

Worst air quality on record for US West Coast Wildfires in California and Oregon



### FIRE SIZE

VALUE	AREA	FIRE NAME	STATE/PROV	FIRE SIZE
	ha			ha
MICRO	10-4	"THE STUMP"		
ZONE OF RX FIRE				
A & B	< 0.1 -4			
C, D, & E	4 – 404			
ZONE OF SMALL WILDFIRES				
F & G	404 – 4,049			
Н	4,049 <b>-</b> 20,234	Schultz Fire 2010 Cerro Grande Fire	AZ NM	6,100 19,425
I.	20,234 - 40,469	Okanagon Park 2003	BC	25,600
ZONE OF MEGA WILDFIRES				
J	40,469 <b>-</b> 202,347	Chelaslie River 2014 Rodeo-Chediski 2002 Rim Fire 2013	BC AZ CA	133,098 485,700
К	202,347 <b>-</b> 404,694	Wallow Fire 2012 Biscuit Fire 2002	AZ CA	217,741 229,057
ZONE OF GIGA WILDFIRES > 0.4 M HA or 1M ACRES				
L	>404,694	August Complex 2020 Taylor Complex 2004 Yellowstone Fire 1988 Great Fire of 2010 Peshtigo Fire 1871 Miramichi Fire 1825	CA AK ID/MT ID/MT WI NB	526,111 528,580 1,011,750 1,214,100

#### ZONE OF GIGA WILDFIRES > 0.4 M HA or 1M ACRES

L	>404,694 ha	August Complex 2020	CA	417,635
		Taylor Complex 2004	AK	526,111
		Yellowstone Fire 1988	ID/MT	639,413
		Peshtigo Fire 1871	VVI	1,011,750
		Great Fire of 2010	ID/MT	1,214,057
		Miramichi Fire 1825	NB	1,214,100

### WILDFIRE TRENDS SOUTHWEST FIRE OUT OF BOUNDS

#### ACRES BURNED BY DECADE SW USA



### FIRE NEXUS: SEVERITY, SCALE, RAINFALL, SLOPE



#### **SLOPE**



RAINFALL

#### THERE ARE CONSEQUENCES





**SEVERITY** 



**SCALE & FUELS** 

## FIRE EFFECTS ON SOILS



### WHAT FIRES DO TO SOIL HYDROLOGY

Burn Off the Organic Horizon • Expose Mineral Soil Create Water Repellency • Create Ash That Clogs Pores • NET EFFECT: **Reduce Infiltration** >Increase Water Runoff









### WATER REPELLENCY

### WATER REPELLENCY

DRY SOIL



#### SCHULTZ WILDFIRE COCONINO NATIONAL FOREST ARIZONA

### **Geomorphic Setting**





#### **ARIZONA HYDRO BOMB**

Two Storms Produced Floods & Debris Flows: July 20 and August 16

- July 20
   Return Interval 10 25 y
   37 mm/ 1.46" to
   37 mm/1.69"
  - August 16
    - Return Interval <1 5 y</p>
    - 9 mm/0.35" to
    - 27 mm/1.06"

#### ONE RAINGAGE – 25 mm (1 in) 15 min



### **SCHULTZ FIRE 2010 ARIZONA**





#### **CHANNEL NUMBER**



### SCHULTZ FIRE ARIZONA 2010



### WATERSHED FLOODS

### SCHULTZ FIRE FINE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS

AD 1085

AD 2010

SUNSET

CRATER

SCORIA





### **BRINS FIRE ARIZONA**







# G U S

### Gullys Get Bigger

SCHULTZ FIRE 2010 COCONINO NF FLAGSTAFF, AZ

Upper Watershed Slopes 100% + High Severity Fire Soil Loss = 1400-1500 Mg ha<sup>-1</sup>

PREVIOUS ESTIMATES OF MAXIMUM: 300-400 Mg ha<sup>-1</sup>



### **SOIL EROSION**

### **RESTORE?**

### **REHABILITATE ??**

**RESPOND???** 



### SUMMARY WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT TO UNDERSTAND

- SOILS ARE CRITICAL FOR GOOD WATER SUPPLY
- SOIL LOSS IN EROSION CAN'T BE REPLACED
- > NOT ALL REGIONS OF THE USA ARE THE SAME
- FLOODING LEADS TO REDUCED WATER QUALITY
- RESERVOIRS GET FILLED WITH SEDIMENT
- > DESERTIFICATION IS INCREASED
- FOREST ECOSYSTEM SUSTAINABILITY IS AT RISK
- > INFRASTRUCTURE IS DAMAGED OR DESTROYED

### **SOLUTIONS???**

**MEGA DROUGHT: NONE** LARGE WILDFIRES: SUPPRESS **POST-FIRE ACTIONS: DO WHAT WE CAN FUEL BUILDUP:** > ACTIVE FOREST MANAGEMENT RESTORATION ACTIVITIES

# MORE // //

• RMRS GTR-42, VOLUME 4 FIRE EFFECTS ON SOIL AND WATER

• FIRE EFFECTS ON ECOSYSTEMS John Wiley & Sons New York

### SOME FIRE LINE WISDOM: If it looks big & bad it probably is"





Paul Combs Blog Fire Engineering ArtStudioSeven.com

